

Drug and Alcohol Abuse

Prevention and Control





A Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention Guide for Commanding Officers, prepared by the Director, Navy Drug, Alcohol, Behavioral Health, Education and Partnerships Division,

Navy Personnel Command PERS-60

Commanding Officer's Guide

Introduction



This guide has been prepared by the Navy Drug, Alcohol, Behavioral Health, Education, and Partnerships Division, Navy Personnel Command, PERS-60.

It's purpose is to supplement formal education courses provided for leaders and to provide a quick reference for handling substance abuse issues. This guide will provide general guidance as well as appropriate references to established Navy directives. Points of contact for all subject matter are provided to make resolution of substance abuse issues as effective and responsive as possible.

The Commanding Officer's Guide is provided for you, the Navy leader, to assist in handling substance abuse issues and problems. Navy Personnel Command is interested in hearing your comments on how this document can be improved to make your leadership role more effective.

Provide your feedback to:

Navy Drug, Alcohol, Behavioral Health, Education and Partnership Division, Navy Personnel Command, PERS-60 (p602@persnet.navy.mil) 5720 Integrity Drive Millington, TN 38055

COMMANDING OFFICER'S DRUG AND ALCOHOL ABUSE PREVENTION AND CONTROL GUIDE



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CHAPTER ONE

ALCOHOL DRUG and ABUSE POLICY

This chapter provides the basic Navy Policy for Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention and Control. Information in this chapter is supplemented by the references addressed herein along with appropriate personnel contacts.

- Drug Abuse
- Alcohol Abuse
- ✓ DAPA

Alcohol and other drug abuse is costly in terms of time lost and is a severe detriment to morale and esprit de corps. It undermines the very fiber of combat readiness, health, safety, discipline, reliability, judgment and loyalty.

Alcohol and other drug abuse is incompatible with the maintenance of high standards of performance, military discipline and readiness and is destructive of Navy efforts to instill pride, promote professionalism, and enhance personal excellence.

Navy Approach to Alcohol and Drug Abuse Problems

- Enhanced detection and deterrence
- Firm, constructive discipline
- Prevention Education
- Treatment

DRUG ABUSE

Navy's policy on drug abuse is simply, ZERO TOLERANCE.

Every command shall test a minimum of 10 percent of all assigned personnel monthly. Commands may test up to 40 percent of personnel assigned. Every command shall conduct a unit sweep of all personnel assigned once a year.

Drug abuse involves the wrongful use, possession, manufacture, and /or distribution of a controlled substance without legal justification or authorization. OPNAVINST 5350.4C provides the requirement.

Navy members determined to be using drugs, in violation of applicable provisions of the UCMJ, federal, state or local statutes, shall be disciplined as appropriate and processed for administrative separation.

Members diagnosed as drug dependent shall be offered treatment prior to separation. CO's are encouraged to offer treatment to personnel diagnosed as drug abusers prior to separation.

Personnel must be screened by a medical facility. See Chapter 6 for detailed information.

For Treatment and Continuing Care Information See Chapter 7.

ALCOHOL ABUSE

Navy's policy on alcohol use is Responsible Use.

Responsible use is self imposed limitation on time, place and quantity when consuming alcohol. Alcohol consumption is never an excuse for misconduct.

Members who choose not to drink shall be supported in their decision. Commands will emphasize moderation and shall deglamorize alcohol use.

Members must be screened at a Medical Treatment Facility (MTF) when alcohol incidents occur or the CO thinks the member may have an alcohol problem.

Members who think they may have an alcohol problem are encouraged to self-refer before an incident occurs. (See Chapter 6)

Alcohol dependence and abuse are considered treatable. It is the Navy's position to return as many sailors as possible to full duty following appropriate:

Education (See Chapter 5)
Intervention (See Chapter 6)
Treatment /Continuing Care (See Chapter 7)

Alcohol related misconduct is a significant fitness/performance factor.

Treatment, without misconduct, is not viewed as detrimental to a Naval career.

COMMAND DRUG AND ALCOHOL PROGRAM ADVISOR (DAPA)

<u>Your DAPA</u> is your primary advisor for all substance abuse issues and <u>reports directly to you or your XO</u>. A well-trained, conscientious, and trustworthy DAPA is one of your most valuable assets to administer and manage your command alcohol and drug abuse prevention program.

REQUIREMENTS

Primary DAPA should be E-7 or above and assistant DAPAs E-5 or above. Commands with 1,000 or more shall assign a full-time DAPA. CO may appoint as many DAPAs and assistants as deemed necessary. Ratio of at least one for every 200 personnel assigned is recommended.

DAPA and assistant DAPAs are appointed by you in writing and shall:

- not have had an alcohol incident within the 2 years;
- have at least 1 year remaining in the command after appointment (except for those on 1-year orders);
- have achieved at least 2 years sobriety if successfully completed treatment;
- NOT be assigned duties as urinalysis program coordinators
- attend the DAPA course within 90 days of appointment Other DAPA information is included in OPNAVINST 5350.4C.

CHAPTER TWO

RIGHT SPIRIT CAMPAIGN

This chapter provides information about the Right Spirit Campaign Goals and how the CO can make a significant contribution to the success of this effort.

- What is the Right Spirit
- ✓ Campaign Goals
- Prevention and Deglamorization
- √ Personal Responsibility
- ✓ Leadership Responsibility



What is the Right Spirit

- SECNAV 1996 initiative.
- Concentrated effort to change Navy's attitude and culture toward Alcohol.
- It is Education, Deglamorization, Intervention and Accountability for everyone.
- Targets everyone from Seaman to Admiral.
- Requires Responsibility from All Hands, regardless of rank.
- Educates All Hands.
- Emphasizes alternatives to drinking.
- Emphasizes Navy Core Values.



CAMPAIGN GOALS:

- Enhance Fleet Readiness by reducing alcohol abuse and related incidents
- Provide a safe and productive working environment
- Ensure quality of life for members, shipmates, and families

PREVENTION AND DEGLAMORIZATION

Navy suffers the effects of many alcohol abuse incidents yearly. The Right Spirit Campaign strives to put the responsibility of not letting alcohol abuse hurt the Navy upon everyone. There is a strong need to deglamorize alcohol on a continuing basis in today's Navy. It takes a concentrated effort by everyone, especially leaders, to stop alcohol abuse.

Get The Right Spirit
It's Your Responsibility
It's Your Navy

PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Right Spirit Campaign puts the responsibility for the effects of alcohol abuse on individuals. Everyone must promote positive attitudes and behaviors about avoiding alcohol abuse.

LEADERSHIP RESPONSIBILITY

The CO's vision drives the command leadership framework toward command excellence.

Emphasis on the goals of the Right Spirit will help reduce the impact of alcohol abuse on Navy readiness.

WHAT THE CO CAN DO

Command Action: COs, OICs must:

- Ensure policies are implemented Hold Members Accountable.
- Ensure education is available for everyone.
- Always provide non-alcoholic beverages at command events.
- Intervene early when you see the signs of abuse.
- Medically screen members who are involved in alcohol incidents.
- Support referrals to appropriate educational and clinical treatment programs.
- Be involved in members aftercare program.
- Make 'It's OK Not to Drink' <u>your</u> policy.
- Establish and publicize your own command policy.

Promote the Right Spirit Campaign on a daily basis in your command.

Deglamorize Alcohol and Your efforts will make a difference in lowering the number of alcohol abuse incidents, DWIs and related accidents.

Right Spirit is not prohibition.

If members choose to drink it requires they do it in a responsible manner.

Use the Right Spirit Promotional Materials

 The 'Right Spirit' magazine Published quarterly

Available on the web at http://navdweb.spawar.navy.mil

Make available Right Spirit posters, stickers, and coasters depicting the Right Spirit for use in the command. Contact pers602c@persnet.navy.mil if additional materials are needed.





CHAPTER THREE

SUBSTANCE ABUSE IMPACT

This chapter provides an overview of the impact substance abuse, both Drug and Alcohol, has upon the Navy. Statistics and current summary information is made available for your use. The data here is current at time of publication but the latest statistics can be obtained from the points of contact listed in Appendix B.

- Alcohol Abuse Impact
- ✓ History
- Drug Abuse Impact

Alcohol Abuse Impact

Alcohol Abuse Impacts Navy

Every Day - 365 Days a Year

The following figures were our loss experience in 2000 - A significant impact on readiness. You will see in the history section, that this is an improvement from past years. We would like to think these reductions are due aggressive prevention efforts at the command level.

Alcohol Incidents = 4164 or nearly 12 per day

DWI = 920 or almost 3 per day

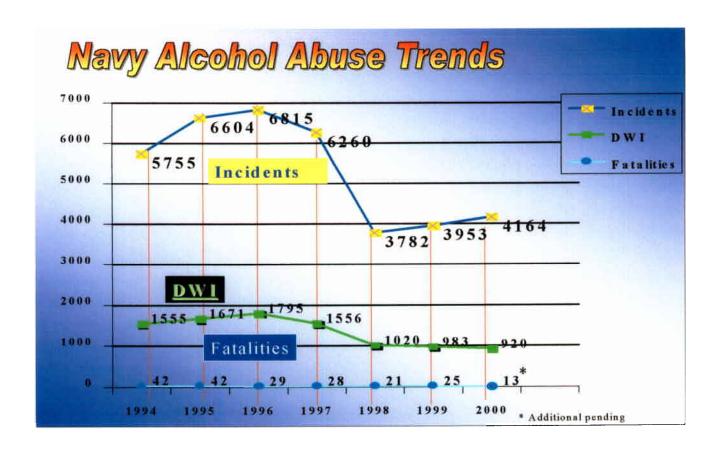
Alcohol Related Motor Vehicle Fatalities = One every 46 days

Incidents, DWIs and Alcohol Related Fatalities are primary indicators of the magnitude of alcohol abuse. In addition to these indicators, many other serious problems arise from alcohol abuse.

Those include:

- ◆ Motor vehicle crashes (non-fatal).
- Recreation, Home and Athletic Fatalities.
- ◆ Crimes Against Persons: Murder, Rape, Assault, Indecent Assault Child Abuse, Child Sexual Abuse Robbery.
- Crimes Against Property:
 Burglary
 Larceny government and personal.

A significant percentage of all the above crimes <u>are alcohol</u> related.



HISTORY

The chart above provides a historical perspective on the primary indicators for **Alcohol** from 1994-2000.

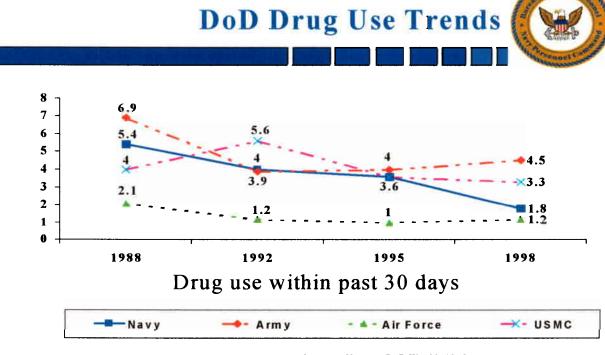
DRUG ABUSE IMPACT

In 1998 Navy tested **793,811** samples for Drug use.

6,008 were found POSITIVE

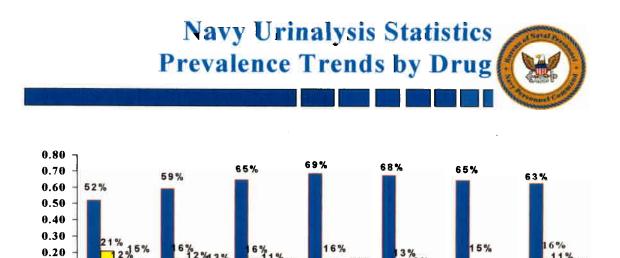
One of every 132 samples submitted in FY 98 were Positive

The 1998 DoD WorldWide Survey of Health Related Behaviors Among Military Personnel cited Navy as the only Service with a "Significant decrease in Drug Abuse" since 1995.



Source: Navy: DoD Worldwide Surveys

Marijuana continues to be the drug of choice among Sailors.



FY-96

Amp/Meth

FY-97

0.10 0.00

FY-93

FY-94

THC

FY-95

Cocaine

Source: DIPM
Thru 2nd Qtr FY-99

Others

FY-98

FY-99*

CHAPTER FOUR

LEADERSHIP RESPONSIBILITY

Commanding Officer

Command Action: COs, OICs must:

- Ensure policies are implemented Hold Members Accountable.
- Ensure education is available for everyone (see Education
 Chapter 5).
- Always provide non-alcoholic beverages at command events.
- Intervene early when you see signs of abuse.
- Medically screen members who are involved in alcohol incidents (See Reporting Incidents - Chapter 6).
- Support referrals to appropriate educational and clinical treatment programs (See Treatment and Continuum of Care- Chapter 7).
- Be involved in member's aftercare program (See Continuum of Care Chapter 7).
- Make "It's OK Not to Drink" your policy.

Promote the Right Spirit Campaign on a daily basis in your command. Your efforts will make a difference in lowering the number of alcohol abuse incidents, DWIs and related accidents.

Setting a strong personal example of responsible behavior by demonstrating responsible conduct on and off duty is a primary responsibility.

SET THE TONE:

Emphasize personal, shipmate, leadership and command responsibility while promoting healthy lifestyles for all Navy members.

The Commanding Officer sets the tone of the command climate. An active support to an environment that fosters healthy lifestyles is a significant influence toward reduction of alcohol and drug abuse in the Navy.

Healthy lifestyles contribute to reduced alcohol and other drug abuse by:

Involving members in physical fitness and sports activities to optimize personal health and enhance readiness.

Supporting tobacco abstinence and/or discouraging use of tobacco products provides a healthy physical environment.

Providing nutrition and stress management education ensures healthy and fit members.

Use the Right Spirit Promotional Materials

The Right Spirit Bulletin
 Published quarterly
 Available on the web at

http://navdweb.spawar.navy.mil

- See that posters, stickers, and coasters depicting the Right Spirit are available and in use in the command.
- If your command needs promotion materials contact: p602c@persnet.navy.mil

USE your Drug and Alcohol Program Advisor (DAPA) and your Alcohol and Drug Control Officer (ADCO).

They will provide you with valuable information and help you make the Right Spirit work.

See Chapter 8 for a list of questions you should ask personnel at your command. These questions will help you and your personnel focus on establishing and maintaining a climate that supports the Navy position on Alcohol and other Drug abuse.



Tackle Alcohol and other Drug Abuse in Your Command Get the Right Spirit

CHAPTER FIVE

COMMAND LEVEL ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION AND CONTROL EDUCATION AND TRAINING

PREVENTION THROUGH EDUCATION

This chapter provides a description and requirements of Navy command level education and training available to individuals and commands in support of Navy alcohol and drug abuse prevention and control.

- WHY TRAIN
- ✓ WHO PROVIDES TRAINING/WHEN/WHERE
- ✓ WHICH COURSES ARE MANDATED/RECOMMENDED
- ✓ COURSE REQUIREMENTS/DESCRIPTIONS

WHY TRAIN

Your personnel trained in mandated and recommended prevention education and training will:

- Ensure you have an effective command program.
- Enhance your ability to perform your mission.
- Help you avoid alcohol and drug incidents and their costly and time-consuming consequences.



WHO PROVIDES TRAINING?

Navy Personnel Command (PERS-6) has alcohol and drug training detachments in Norfolk and San Diego. The detachments, Drug and Alcohol Program Management Activities (DAPMAs), provide command level alcohol and drug abuse prevention education and training, deglamorization and health promotion services, and technical assistance to Navy commands and naval organizations.

DAPMA Norfolk serves Navy commands **east** of the Mississippi and naval organizations assigned to Atlantic Fleet and European commands.

DAPMA San Diego serves Navy commands **west** of the Mississippi and naval organizations assigned to Pacific Fleet commands.

Each detachment maintains its own quota control for all courses.

Navy Personnel Command Detachment Drug and Alcohol Program Management Activity, Norfolk

(NAVPERSCOM Det DAPMA, Norfolk) 1683 Gilbert Street Suite 300 Norfolk, VA 23511-2719

Quota Control: DSN 564-8193/90 or comm (757) 444-8193/90

FAX DSN 564-4676 or comm (757) 444-4676

email: trousseau@nsn.cmar.navy.mil

Navy Personnel Command Detachment
Drug and Alcohol Program Management Activity, San Diego

(NAVPERSCOM Det DAPMA, San Diego) 937 N. Harbor Drive Suite 17 San Diego, CA 92132-0017

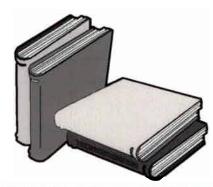
Quota Control: DSN 522-4979 or comm (619) 532-4979

FAX DSN 522-4984 or comm (619) 532-4984

e-mail: pdunn@dapmasd.psad.navy.mil

WHEN and WHERE:

PERS-60 publishes a Navy-wide Scheduling of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Prevention Education and Training each fiscal year which is available from second and third echelon Alcohol and Drug Control Officers (ADCOs) and also from the PERS-60 website: http://navdweb.spawar.navy.mil under Education - Training on the main menu.



WHICH COURSES ARE MANDATED/RECOMMENDED

MANDATED

DAPA Course
ALCOHOL-AWARE
ADAMS for Supervisors
ADAMS for Managers

RECOMMENDED

PREVENT 2000 ADAMS Facilitators UPC Course NDSP Training

MANDATED COURSES

✓ Drug and Alcohol Program Advisor (DAPA) Course

NOTE: A well-trained, conscientious, and trustworthy Drug and Alcohol Program Advisor (DAPA) is one of your most valuable assets to administer and manage your command alcohol and drug abuse prevention program. DAPA required qualifications are in the OPNAVINST 5350.4 series.

DAPA training is mandated within 90 days for the individual appointed as DAPA. The course teaches your DAPA knowledge and skills to be your primary advisor for all substance abuse issues.

This one-week course is provided by NAVPERSCOM Det DAPMAs in Norfolk and San Diego, by VTT, and by Mobile Training Teams.

POCs for **DAPA course quota control**: Norfolk (D) 564-8193 or (757) 444-8193; San Diego (D) 522-4979 or (619) 532-4979.

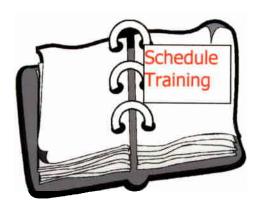
✓ ALCOHOL AWARE

Mandated for all hands within two years of accession. Target population: Sailors 18-25 years old.

A four-hour command-level course that makes Sailors aware of the basic nature of the drug alcohol; risks involved in using and abusing alcohol; Navy policy, expectations, instructions, core values, and what is meant by responsible use of alcohol.

<u>AWARE</u> is delivered by command DAPAs who also have instructor experience. Other command personnel with relevant experience and/or knowledge may also deliver this course.

Many commands make **AWARE** part of their command indoctrination.



Alcohol and Drug Abuse Managers/Supervisors (ADAMS) Courses

- Supervisors Course and Managers Course are mandated.
- Collateral duty ADAMS Facilitators course is recommended.

✓ <u>ADAMS For Supervisors</u> - <u>Mandated</u> one-day training that provides all E-5 and above personnel in first-line supervisory positions with skills and knowledge to: be a role model, prevent abuse, observe subordinates, recognize signs and symptoms of possible abuse; document substandard performance or conduct; support Medical assessments (via DAPA), treatment, and Aftercare. Civilians who supervise naval military personnel should also attend ADAMS supervisor training.

<u>ADAMS For Supervisors</u> is provided by the two DAPMAS, on-site or via Mobile Training Teams and also by command level collateral duty ADAMS Facilitators who have been certified by Navy Personnel Command (PERS-60).

✓ <u>ADAMS For Managers</u> - <u>Mandated</u> half-day seminar provides commanding officers, officers in charge, executive officers, command master chiefs, and other managers such as department heads information necessary to develop, maintain, and evaluate effective command drug and alcohol programs.

<u>ADAMS For Managers</u> is delivered by NAVPERSCOM Det DAPMAs Norfolk and San Diego on site or via Mobile Training Teams.

RECOMMENDED COURSES

ADAMS For Supervisors Facilitator Training and Certification

✓ "The Facilitators Course" is recommended to commands as an efficient method to meet ADAMS For Supervisors training requirements. Commands can have their own Supervisors Course Facilitators trained by the DAPMAs and certified by NAVPERSCOM (PERS-60).

Detailed Facilitator eligibility requirements and course schedules are published annually by PERS-60. Scheduling of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Prevention Education and Training is posted on the Navy Drug and Alcohol web site, http://navdweb.spawar.navy.mil

Five days of classroom training is followed by a brief mandatory period during which the **Facilitator candidate must become certified** by PERS-60 before conducting ADAMS for Supervisors on a regular basis.

The two DAPMAs deliver the Facilitators Course both in-house and via Mobile Training Teams. Certified command collateral duty Facilitators have reporting requirements contained in the ADAMS Management Manual. Quota Control is the two DAPMAs.

✓ PREVENT (Formerly NADSAP) - Personal Responsibility and Values: Education and Training

Recommended for target population: Sailors 18-25 years old.

NOTE: PREVENT alone is not appropriate for a Sailor who has been involved in an alcohol incident and is not a substitute for a medical assessment and/or treatment, if indicated.

A 24-hour facilitated command prevention course that deals with a variety of behavioral issues including alcohol and other drug abuse, decision-making, health and wellness, life skills, financial responsibility, and personal responsibility for life-style choices.

PREVENT is available at many locations throughout the Navy and is facilitated by contracted personnel. POC is NAVPERSCOM Det DAPMA, San Diego at (D) 522-4965/66 or (C) 619-532-4965/66.

Urinalysis Program Coordinator (UPC) Course

Recommended one-day training for command UPCs that teaches the technically correct procedures for administering and maintaining a command Urinalysis Program. Although the UPC course is not required, it is strongly recommended.

UPC appointee should be either an officer or chief petty officer who has the highest trust and confidence of the commanding officer.

Provided by DAPMA San Diego and Norfolk, both in-house and via Mobile Training Teams.

✓ Navy Drug Screening Program (NDSP)

Recommended four-hour training session for command UPCs, Alcohol and Drug Control Officers (ADCOs), executive officers (XOs), and legal personnel.

NDSP is a computer-based application developed to assist commanding officers in administering monthly random drug testing. Once the CO establishes monthly testing parameters, NDSP randomly selects test days and individuals to be tested.

The two DAPMAs provide NDSP, both in-house and via Mobile Training Teams.

CHAPTER SIX

ALCOHOL and DRUG ABUSE INCIDENTS

This chapter provides information about handling alcohol and drug abuse incidents. It will give you the definition and the general procedure for dealing with incidents in your command and discuss follow on action.

- ✓ WHY REPORT
- ALCOHOL INCIDENTS DEFINED
- ✓ DRUG-Related INCIDENTS DEFINED
- ✓ IS IT AN INCIDENT?
- SCREENING BY MEDICAL
- REPORTING: DAAR
- WHO GETS DAAR DATA?
- ✓ CO's ACTION Incident No incident

WHY REPORT ALCOHOL INCIDENTS

2000 - 4164 INCIDENTS NAVY WIDE That is 12 Every Day of the Year

How Many Did Your Command Have?

What is the Trend?





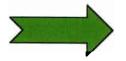
Up or Down

What is the Impact of Alcohol and Drug Abuse?

Can we really know? Yes - but ONLY by
Accurate Reporting

Consider that there were likely many situations that should have been reported as Incidents. We know the impact of alcohol abuse on Navy is greater than the statistics indicate.

Alcohol abuse in not a command problem - it is a Navy problem and a Readiness issue.



The key to reducing alcohol and drug abuse incidents and reducing the impact on Readiness is at the command level.

WHAT IS AN ALCOHOL INCIDENT

"An offense punishable per the UCMJ or civilian authority committed by a member where in the judgement of the member's Commanding Officer, the consumption of alcohol was a contributing factor."

WHAT IS A DRUG-RELATED INCIDENT

"Any incident in which the use of a controlled substance or illegal drug, or the misuse of a legal drug or intoxicating substance (other than alcohol), in the judgement of a member's Commanding Officer, is a contributing factor."

IS IT AN INCIDENT?

It's the CO's Call.

Decision Factors: Determining if a situation is an alcohol or drug abuse Incident?

Some circumstances are straight forward decisions.

Underage drinking- Yes it is an incident: It is against the law.

DWI: Yes But...What if.... the member gets a DWI reduced to a lesser charge?

CO's judgement: review of circumstances and evidence involved may still lead the CO to determine it is an Incident.

Key Factor: Was the consumption of alcohol a contributing factor to the situation.

<u>SCREENING</u> A means to intervene early when drug or alcohol problems are present or suspected.

- ✓ Medical evaluation to determine if alcohol problem exists
- ✓ Required for Drugs or Alcohol when incident occurs
- ✓ Command Directed at CO's discretion
- Self Referral by Member

Screening may result in a recommendation by the medical facility that the member receive treatment. See Chapter 7, Treatment and Continuing Care.

CO's ACTION: ALCOHOL

When alcohol Incident occurs:

- 1. Screen member
 - DAPA screen.
 - DAPA submits CO's package to medical.
- 2. Submit Initial DAAR (Drug and Alcohol Abuse Report) within 30 days
- 3. Medical Screen recommendations
 - May include early intervention (Impact or equivalent), treatment or no services.
 - See OPNAVINST 5350.4 series and

Chapter 7.

When an Alcohol incident has NOT occurred: Command Referral (no incident)

- May be Initiated when CO determines the need for screening.
- CO judgement call.
- Based on any credible signs and symptoms to indicate possible alcohol abuse problem.
- DAPA Screen and Medical Screen.
- Follow Medical Screening recommendations.

See OPNAVINST 5350.4 series and Chapter 7.

<u>Self-Referral</u> (no incident)

- Initiated by member.
- Member's request made to DAPA, CO, OIC, XO,

Navy Drug and Alcohol Counselor (or Intern), DoD Medical Personnel (including LIP), Chaplain or FSC counselor.

- DAPA Screen and Medical Screen.
- Follow Medical screening recommendations.
 See OPNAVINST 5350.4 series and Chapter 7.

CO's ACTION: DRUG ABUSE INCIDENT

When drug Incident occurs:

Screen member

DAPA screen
DAPA submits CO's package to medical

<u>All</u> confirmed incidents of drug abuse require disciplinary action as appropriate and processing for <u>administrative</u> separation, and submitting the initial DAAR.

Any individual screened as drug dependent must be offered treatment prior to separation.

COs are encouraged to offer treatment to individuals screened as drug abusers prior to separation.

NOTE:

Self Referral for Drug Abuse is considered an incident of drug abuse and requires a DAAR submission and administrative separation processing.



Positive urinalysis results are forensic evidence for the presence of a drug(s) or drug metabolite(s) but are not considered an incident of drug abuse until the Commanding Officer has reviewed all information available and made a determination that an incident of drug abuse has occurred. Once the CO determines an incident of drug abuse has occurred then DAAR submission is required.

REPORTING: DAAR - Drug and Alcohol Abuse Report

Purpose: To document drug and alcohol related incidents.

Requirement: OPNAVINST 5350.4C

DAAR is used for:

Documentation
Demographic data
Trend Analysis
Reporting to Congress, DoD, SECNAV

Remember: An alcohol DAAR is NOT:

- Input to Selection Boards
- Filed in Service Records
- End of Sailor's Career

The DAAR is processed by the Navy's Alcohol and Drug Abuse Management Information Tracking System (ADMITS), a computerized database at PERS-60.

POC: e-mail: P60fb@persnet.navy.mil

Reporting ACTION:

Required submission for an Alcohol and Drug Abuse Incident (See OPNAVIST 5350.4 series for detailed procedures)

DAARs reporting Drug Incidents become permanent entries in member's Electronic Military Personnel Record System (EMPRS).

Submit after investigation and command decisions on discipline (if any) have been determined.

Your DAPA will provide assistance, but the DAAR is signed by the COMMANDING OFFICER.

CHAPTER SEVEN

TREATMENT and CONTINUUM OF CARE

This chapter provides information on the treatment process, part of BUMED Continuum of Care.

- ✓ SCREENING
- ✓ TREATMENT LEVELS OF CARE
- ✓ CONTINUING CARE
- **✓ AFTERCARE**

Navy Continuum of Care provides you with a perspective of case management and administration of a patient.



SCREENING

Alcohol abuse/dependency screening at a Medical Treatment Facility is <u>mandatory</u> for members who are involved in an alcohol incident regardless of rank or status.

Medical screening is the clinical and administrative function of determining the need for treatment and the appropriate portal of entry into the continuum of care.

The Licensed Independent Practitioner (LIP), with the recommendation of a certified Navy Drug Alcohol Counselor, will determine the need for admission and level of care.

THE LICENSED INDEPENDENT PRACTITIONER MAKES THE DECISION ON THE LEVEL OF CARE A MEMBER RECEIVES

Commanding Officer are encouraged to discuss any concerns with the Licensed Independent Practitioner (LIP) regarding treatment recommendations.

Treatment - Levels of Care

Early Intervention/IMPACT Education

20-hour course.

Individuals who misused alcohol (without a pattern of abuse).

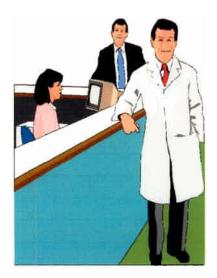
Outpatient Services (OP)

Treatment length variable (40-50 hours). Four hours per day (approx. 2 weeks). Go home at night or return to the command. MEDEVAC (BEQ/BOQ) if necessary.

Intensive Outpatient Services (IOP)

Patients diagnosed alcohol dependent or with alcohol abuse, recommended for abstinence based program.

100 hours over 4 weeks
 Full time for 2 weeks.
 Partial days/evenings for last 2 weeks.



Residential Services/Inpatient Treatment (IP)

Comprehensive full-time care

- Variable length of care
 Maximum is 4 weeks
- TAD/TDY to BUMED Treatment Facility

Medically Managed ("Detox")

During screening, the patient is under observation for signs of withdrawal. With a diagnosis of significant risk of severe withdrawal symptoms, the patient requires immediate medical attention.

The patient will be placed under observation in BUMED medically managed care.

When stable, the patient will be reassessed and transferred to the appropriate care facility.

Continuing Care (CC)

Myth: Continuing Care and Aftercare are the same.

Continuing Care is recommended by and is the responsibility of Medical Treatment facility. Varies in length depending on patient's needs.

Aftercare begins after medical treatment ends and is the responsibility of the command not to exceed 12 months. It primarily consists of administrative monitoring.

Continuing Care Goals:

- Support for recovery process and relapse prevention
- Provide a forum that's abstinence based
- Program length is based on individual needs/progress

Continuing Care Consists of:

Individual and group sessions

- 1-3 hours per week
- Focus on unmet psycho-social needs, personality traits and disorders, and any other concerns

Education focus

- Recovery/relapse issues
- Leisure-time activities
- Lifestyle changes related to abstinence/responsible use

Outpatient Service

- Weekly program, meet with certified counselor 1 to 3 hours per week at treatment facility.
- Go home at night or return to command.

Aftercare:

The treatment facility prepares a written summary of care to the member's command. The summary may contain referrals for additional medical/social services, and an aftercare plan, including recommendations for ongoing participation in approved self-help groups and clinically monitored outpatient counseling groups (continuing care).

The MTF/ATF will ensure aftercare plans include recommended continuing care as needed, and are tailored to the needs of the member and the command.

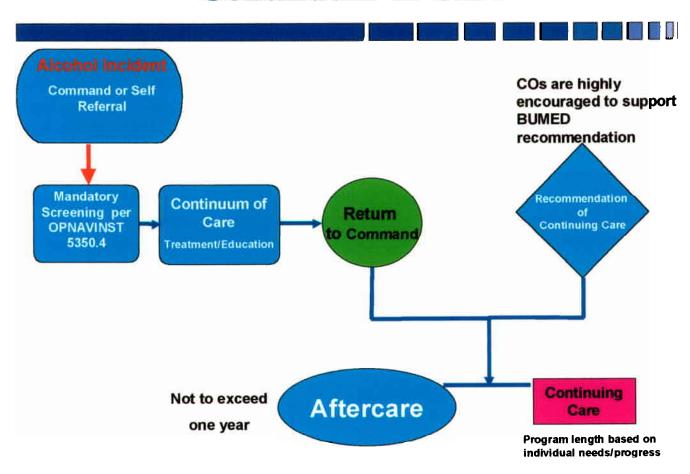
Commands are responsible, through their DAPAs, for actively monitoring and supporting aftercare plans. Commanding Officers will meet with DAPAs and members with active treatment recommendations/aftercare plans at least quarterly to review progress. If the command identifies difficulties with the recommended actions, the MTF/ATF should be consulted. Command monitoring will continue through the completion of the individualized aftercare plan, not to exceed 12 months.

Command monitoring and support of aftercare plans, coordinated with the DAPA, are very important in assisting members to successfully meet treatment goals.

NOTE: Where operational commitments dictate, this Aftercare Plan may be modified by the *commanding officer*.

For instance, a medical treatment facility may recommend three AA meetings per week, but the service member is deployed on board a ship where only one AA meeting per week is held. The *commanding officer* may modify the Aftercare treatment plan to include attendance at one AA meeting per week, the writing of a 200-word essay per week on a topic selected by the DAPA, or seeking and making contact with a mentor, or writing weekly letters to their counselors from the addiction treatment facility.

Continuum of Care



CHAPTER 8

COMMAND QUESTIONS

This chapter provides a list of questions by subject area of this guide. These questions can be used to assess the Command's posture regarding Alcohol and Drug Abuse. They are not intended to guide the command toward all they need to know about these subject areas. They are common questions, the answers to which will help the CO to align the Alcohol and Drug Abuse posture of the command.

Chapter Two: RIGHT SPIRIT CAMPAIGN

- 1. Are Right Spirit materials on hand and being distributed to the deckplates?
- 2. Is the Right Spirit Bulletin being regularly received in sufficient quantities for the size of the command?

Distributed quarterly by PERS-6.

Notify P602C@persnet.navy.mil to get on mailing list or change quantity

- 3. Do we provide non-alcoholic beverages at command functions?

 Right Spirit Campaign encourages non-alcoholic drinks at all command functions where alcohol is served.
- 4. Do we have any non-alcohol functions or areas where alcohol is not served?

Non-alcohol functions or areas where alcohol is not allowed is becoming more common at some commands. Such functions show strong support for "it's ok not to drink".

Chapter Four: LEADERSHIP RESPONSIBILITIES

1. Is everyone in a leadership position in the command aware of the Right Spirit Campaign goals?

ALNAV 011/96, NAVOP 008/96

2. Do the command leaders show outward support for the alcohol and other drug abuse policies?

ALNAV 011/96, NAVOP 008/96

Chapter Five: EDUCATION

Reference: OPNAVINST 5350.4B

- 1. Do we have a primary DAPA designated in writing? With sufficient assistants to get the job done? One per 200 personnel.
- 2. Did the DAPA attend the DAPA course within 90 days of appointment?

 One week course available from DAPMA San Diego or Norfolk
- 3. Have my supervisors attended the ADAMS Supervisors Course? Has the CO, XO, CMS and managers and Department Heads attended the ADAMS Managers Course?

Both courses available through DAPMA.

- 4. Have we sent qualified personnel to the Facilitators Course to become certified to teach ADAMS for Supervisors as a collateral duty? If a certified teacher is needed in your command for ADAMS courses, a qualification course is available from DAPMA.
- 5. Has everyone attended the Alcohol Aware Course? Do we teach the Alcohol Aware Course in the command? Where? Aware is required within two years of accession.

Chapter Six: INCIDENT HANDLING

Reference OPNAVINST 5350.4C

- 1. How many incidents have we had in the past 12 months? Drug? Alcohol? How many in the past 3 years?
- 2. How many personnel have been command referred to alcohol or drug screening for evaluation?
- 3. How many personnel have self-referred for alcohol or drug abuse dependency evaluation.
- 4. Has the command experienced an incident where screening by the medical facility recommended treatment and the command did not agree?
- 5. Have DAARs been submitted for all alcohol and drug related incidents?

Drug Testing

1. Who is the current UPC? Is he/she designated in writing? Designation letter required by OPNAVINST 5350.4 series.

Are there assistant UPC's? If so, are they designated in writing?

Designation letter required by OPNAVINST 5350.4 series

If not, who handles UPC's sample? OPNAVINST 5350.4 series prohibits

UPCs from handling own samples.

- 2. Has the UPC and assistant UPCs attended UPC training? UPC training is available to Fleet via DAPMA San Diego and DAPMA Norfolk Mobile Training Teams. See Chapter 5, page 24.
- 3. How are observers selected to participate in the collection? Recommended method is a list of pre-selected observers from duty roster.

Are the observers briefed? Although not required, briefing observers ensures correct Direct Observation procedures are employed. If not why not? If so is it documented? Observer training/brief sheets should be maintained with each urinalysis collection.

- 4. How are personnel currently notified of requirement to provide a sample? Gives CO idea of current command notification procedures.
- 5. Currently, who has authority to exempt a member that has been selected to provide a sample from providing a sample? Only CO can exempt person or designate who can exempt individuals from providing urinalysis.
- 6. What is current policy when a member claims inability to provide a sample? Recommend personnel remain in an enclosed/secured area and be allowed to consume fluids until ready to provide urinalysis.
- 7. Is the command using Navy Drug Screening Program (NDSP). NDSP is computer software that selects personnel to be tested.

 If not, how do we select individuals and why are we not using NDSP?
- 8. Does this command's Urinalysis program meet minimum Navy requirement of 10% each month? Requirement established in OPNAVINST 5350.4 series.

If so, does the UPC maintain complete files?

- 9. Are sufficient urinalysis supplies maintained onboard to conduct a Command Unit Sweep tomorrow? Recommend commands maintain sufficient supplies to conduct one unannounced Unit Sweep.
- 10. Are urinalysis supplies stored in a secured area? If so, who has access? If not, why not?
- 11. Has this command received any discrepancy messages from the Navy Drug Screening Lab?

If so how do we document corrective action?

12.	When wa	as the l	ast time	the c	command	had	a positive	urinalysis?	What
administrative actions were taken?									

Chapter Seven: TREATMENT AND CONTINUUM OF CARE

Reference: OPNAVINST 5350.4 series

- 1. How many personnel do we presently have in Aftercare?
- 2. Did the command modify the BUMED treatment aftercare plan for any member currently in Aftercare?
- 3. Are command leaders aware of the differences between Continuing Care and Aftercare?

APPENDIX A

REFERENCES

This appendix provides a reference listing for Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention and Control. References are provided in two formats - by subject matter and by number. All are current series.



Department of Defense

<u>Title</u>	Number
Military Personnel Drug Abuse Testing Program	DOD Directive 1010.1 Dec 94
Alcohol and Drug Abuse by DOD Personnel	DOD Directive 1010.4 Sep 97
Drunk and Drugged Driving by DoD Personnel	DOD Directive 1010.7 Aug 83
Technical Procedures for the Military Personnel Drug Abuse Testing Program	DOD Instruction 1010.16 Dec 94



SECRETARY OF THE NAVY

Alcoholic Beverage Control	SECNAVINST 1700.11 Jul 86			
Enlisted Administrative Separations	SECNAVINST 1910.4 May 96			
Administrative Separation of Officers	SECNAVINST 1920.6 Nov 83			
Investigative and Counterintelligence Collection and Retention Guidelines Pertaining to the DON	SECNAVINST 3820.2 Aug 80			
Military Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention and Control	SECNAVINST 5300.28 Mar 99			
Alcohol Abuse and Drunk Driving	SECNAVINST 5300.29 Nov 97			
Nuclear Weapon Personnel ReliabilitySECNAVINST 5510.35 Oct 94				
Criminal and Security Investigations And Related Activities Within the Department of the Navy	SECNAVINST 5520.3 Jan 93			
Department of the Navy Clemency and Parole Review	SECNAVINST 5815.3 Oct 93			
Department of the Navy Drug-Free Workplace Program	SECNAVINST 1279.3 Dec 88			



CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS

Naval Command Inspection Program	OPNAVINST 5040.17 Nov 96
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention And Control	OPNAVINST 5350.4C Jun 99
Submarine and Nuclear Propulsion Program Personnel Drug/Alcohol Policy	OPNAVINST 5355.3 Sep 91
Navy Law Enforcement Manual	OPNAVINST 5580.1 Oct 86
Navy Military Working Dog Program	OPNAVINST 5585.2 Aug 97
Physical Readiness Program	OPNAVINST 6110.1 Mar 98
Motor Vehicle Traffic Supervision	OPNAVINST 11200.5 Jul 88



COMMANDER NAVY PERSONNEL COMMAND

Naval Military Personnel Manual (MILPERSMAN) Article

Extension of Enlistments	1160-040
Reservists Subject to the UCMJ	1830-010
Administrative Separation (ADSEP) Policy And General Information	1910-010
Separation by Reason of Convenience of the Government, Personality Disorders	1910-122
Separation by Reason of Alcohol Abuse Rehabilitation Failure	1910-152
Separation by Reason of Misconduct	1910-140
Separation by Reason of Misconduct Due to Drug Abuse	1910-146
Nuclear Field Program	BUPERSINST 1306.78 Feb 92
Report on the Fitness of Officers	BUPERSINST 1610.10 Aug 95
The Navy Enlisted Performance Evaluation System	BUPERSINST 1610.10 Aug 95

Administrative Procedures for Naval Reservists on Inactive Duty

BUPERSINST 1001.39 Dec 95

Enlisted Transfer Manual

NAVPERS 15909D

Schedule of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Prevention Education and Training Courses for FY01 COMNAVPERSCOM (PERS-60) Next issuance prior to 1 Oct 01



BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY

Disposition of Rehabilitated Alcohol Dependent or Abuser Aircrew, Air Controllers, Hypobaric Chamber Inside Observers and Instructors

BUMEDINST 5300.8 Mar 92

Standards of Prevention of Substances Related Disorders Treatment Services

BUMEDINST 5353.4 Sep 99

Competence of Duty Examinations Evaluations for Sobriety, and other Bodily Views and Intrusions Performed by Medical Personnel **BUMEDINST 6120.20 Feb 82**



OFFICE OF CIVILIAN PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

Department of the Navy Drug-Free Workplace Program

SECNAVINST 12792.3 Dec 88

Directives and Instructions listed by Number

<u>NUMBER</u> <u>TITLE</u>

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

DOD Directive 1010.1 Dec 94 Military Drug Abuse Testing Program

DOD Directive 1010.4 Sep 97 Alcohol and Drug Abuse by

DOD Personnel

DOD Directive 1010.7 Aug 83 Drunk and Drugged Driving by DoD

Personnel

DOD Instruction 1010.16 Dec 94 Technical Procedures for the

Military Personnel Drug Abuse

Testing Program

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY

SECNAVINST 1700.11 Jul 86 Alcoholic Beverage Control

SECNAVINST 1910.4 May 96 Enlisted Administrative Separations

SECNAVINST 1920.6 Nov 83 Administrative Separation of Officers

SECNAVINST 3820.2 Aug 80 Investigative and Counterintelligence

Collection and Retention Guidelines

Pertaining to the DON

SECNAVINST 5300.28 Mar 99 Military Alcohol and Drug Abuse **Prevention and Control** SECNAVINST 5300.29 Nov 97 **Alcohol Abuse and Drunk Driving SECNAVINST 5510.35 Oct 94 Nuclear Weapon Personnel Reliability** SECNAVINST 5520.3 Jan 93 **Criminal and Security Investigations** And Related Activities Within the **Department of the Navy** SECNAVINST 5815.3 Oct 93 **Department of the Navy Clemency** And Parole Review **SECNAVINST 12792.3 Dec 88 Department of the Navy Drug-Free** Workplace Program CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS **OPNAVINST 5040.17 Nov 96 Naval Command Inspection Program** OPNAVINST 5350.4 Sep 90 **Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention And Control OPNAVINST 5355.3 Sep 91 Submarine and Nuclear Propulsion Program Personnel Drug/Alcohol Policy OPNAVINST 5580.1 Oct 86 Navy Law Enforcement Manual** OPNAVINST 5585.2 Aug 97 **Navy Military Working Dog Program OPNAVINST 11200.5 Jul 88**

Motor Vehicle Traffic Supervision

COMMANDER NAVY PERSONNEL COMMAND

Naval Military Personnel Manual (MILPERSMAN) Article

1160-040	Extension of Enlistments
1830-010	Reservists Subject to the UCMJ
1910-010	Administrative Separation Policy and General Information
1910-122	Separation by Reason of Convenience of the Government
1910-152	Separation of Enlisted Personnel by Reason of Alcohol Abuse Rehabilitation Failure
1910-140	Separation by Reason of Misconduct
1910-146	Separation by Reason of Misconduct Due to Drug Abuse
BUPERSINST 1306.78 Feb 92	Nuclear Field Program
BUPERSINST 1610.10 Aug 95	Navy Performance Evaluation and Counseling System
BUPERSINST 1910.1 Jan 90	Administrative Separation Procedures

BUPERSINST 1001.39 Dec 95 Administrative Procedures for Naval

Reservists on Inactive Duty

NAVPERS 15909D Enlisted Transfer Manual

COMNAVPERSCOM Ltr Oct 00 Schedule of Alcohol and Other Drug

Abuse Prevention Education and

Training Courses for FY01

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY

BUMEDINST 5300.8 Mar 92 Disposition of Rehabilitated Alcohol

Dependent or Abuser Aircrew, Air Controllers, Hypobaric Chamber Inside Observers and Instructors

BUMEDINST 5353.4 Sep 99 Standards of Prevention of

Substances Related Disorders

Treatment Services

BUMEDINST 6120.20 Sep 81 Competence of Duty Examinations

Evaluations for Sobriety, and other

Bodily Views and Intrusions

Performed by Medical Personnel

OFFICE OF CIVILIAN PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

BUMEDINST 12792.3 Aug 88

Department of the Navy Drug-Free Workplace Program

APPENDIX B

POINTS OF CONTACT

RESOURCE LISTING

The following **points of contact and resources** can provide valuable information for any issue, problem or situation related to substance abuse. Included are organizational and personnel contacts as well as an Internet resource guide.

Organizational Contacts

NAVY PERSONNEL COMMAND (PERS-60) 5720 Integrity Drive Millington TN 38055-6020

http://navdweb.spawar.navy.mil

PERS-60 Director, Navy Drug and Alcohol,
Behavioral Health, Education and Partnerships Division
PERS-60B Deputy Director
PERS-60D Assistant Director for Health Promotions

Alcohol Abuse Prevention Branch		ch PERS-602	DSN
		(Comm 901-874)	
PERS-602	Branch Head	p602@persnet.navy.mil	882-4500
PERS-602B	Education & Training	p602b@persnet.navy.mil	882-4250
PERS-602C	Right Spirit Media	p602c@persnet.navy.mil	882-4251
PERS-602E	Policy	p602e@persnet.navy.mil	882-4247

Drug Detection and Deterrence Branch PERS 603 DSN

(Comm 901-874)

PERS-603	Branch Head	p603@persnet.navy.mil	882-4400
PERS-603C	Urinalysis Policy	p603c@persnet.navy.mil	882-4240
PERS-603D	NDSP	p603d@persnet.navy.mil	882-4252

DAPMA NORFOLK

Navy Personnel Command Detachment
DRUG AND ALCOHOL PROGRAM MANAGEMENT ACTIVITY
(DAPMA) Norfolk
1683 Gilbert St Suite 300

Norfolk VA 23511-2718 DSN: 564-8190/8193

COMM: (757) 444-8190/8193 FAX: (757) 444-4676

DAPMA SAN DIEGO

Navy Personnel Command Detachment
DRUG AND ALCOHOL PROGRAM MANAGEMENT ACTIVITY
(DAPMA) San Diego

937 Harbor Drive Suite 17 San Diego CA 92132-0017

DSN: 522-4964 Comm: (619) 532-4964 Fax: (619) 532-4984

NAVY DRUG AND ALCOHOL DIRECTORY

This publication is a ready reference for key information on Navy and Marine Corps drug and alcohol program activities. The complete publication is available on the web at: http://navdweb.spawar.navy.mil



The Internet provides an excellent source for drug and alcohol information. This listing is some of the sources that can provide a wealth of information.

Your Primary Source:

The Navy Drug and Alcohol Web Site:

http://navdweb.spawar.navy.mil

Additional sources:

National Institute on Alconol Abuse and Alcoholism www.niaaa.nih.gov

Alcoholics Anonymous
www.alcoholicsanonymous.org

Prevention Online (PREVLINE) www.health.org

DRUG FREE RESOURCE NET PARTNERSHIP FOR A DRUG-FREE AMERICA

www.pitt.edu/~cedar/

WEB OF ADDICTIONS

www.who.ch/whosis/whosis.htm

MOTHERS AGAINST DRUNK DRIVING www.madd.org

NATIONAL NETWORK FOR HEALTH www.nnh.org

Commanding Officer's Notes

Commanding Officer's Notes				



Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention and Control

Support the

Right Spirit



Revised Jan 2001